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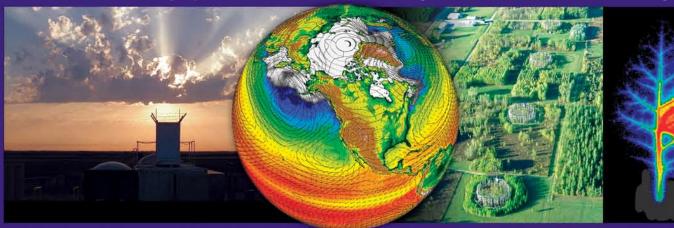
# **Biological and Environmental Research**

**Understand Complex Biological and Environmental Systems by...** 

**EXPLORING** the frontiers of genome-enabled biology

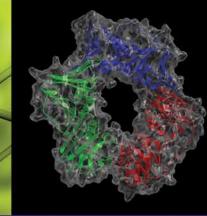


**DISCOVERING** the physical, chemical, and biological drivers of climate change



**SEEKING** the biological, geochemical, and hydrological determinants of environmental sustainability and stewardship









## **DOE Mission-Inspired Science**

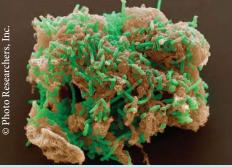
Addressing critical national needs



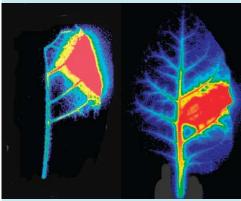
Insights from genomics are advancing the development of grasses and fastgrowing trees for biofuel production.



Ecosystems are studied to investigate the effects of climate change and elevated CO<sub>2</sub> levels.



Subsurface microbes can transform uranium waste.



Movement of plant compounds is tracked using radiochemistry tools developed for human medicine.

### **Sustainable Biofuels**

To support the development of biofuels as major sustainable national energy resources, the DOE Biological and Environmental Research (BER) program is using the power of genomics and systems biology to study microbes, fungi, and plants important to solving energy challenges.

### **Climate Science**

To inform decision making about energy use and climate change, BER is studying the effects of greenhouse gas emissions on Earth's climate and biosphere.

## Subsurface Biogeochemistry

To address some of the nation's most difficult environmental remediation challenges, BER is working to understand and predict contaminant mobility in the subsurface.

# Biology-Physics Interface

To develop technologies that are transferable to diverse applications, BER is exploring research at the interface of biological and physical sciences.

## **Biological and Environmental Research**

## **Mission**

Advance world-class biological and environmental research and provide scientific user facilities to support Department of Energy missions in scientific discovery and innovation, energy security, and environmental responsibility.

## **Approach**

- Understand complex biological and environmental systems across many spatial and temporal scales.
- Leverage diverse scientific insights by coupling theory, observations, experiments, models, and simulations.
- Support interdisciplinary research that engages scientists from national laboratories, academia, and industry.

## **Divisions**

# **Biological Systems Science Division**

BSSD aims to achieve a predictive understanding of complex biological systems with potential use in bioenergy, carbon cycling and biosequestration, and biogeochemistry.

BSSD research activities include

- Using genomics and systems biology to understand plants and microbes.
- Supporting DOE Bioenergy Research Centers to provide transformational breakthroughs in cellulosic biofuels.
- Developing real-time, high-resolution technologies for analyzing dynamic biological processes.

# Climate and Environmental Sciences Division

CESD aims to achieve a predictive understanding of climate change, ecosystem response to climate change, and contaminant fate and transport in the subsurface.

CESD research activities include

- Resolving the greatest uncertainties in climate change.
- Improving the world's most powerful climate models.
- Providing the science to inform environmental remediation strategies.
- Working to understand carbon cycling in terrestrial systems.

## **User Facilities**

Empowering an international community of scientists with the most advanced technologies

### **DOE Joint Genome Institute (JGI)**

Sequencing more than 800 billion DNA base pairs per year, JGI in Walnut Creek, California, provides state-of-the-science capabilities for genome sequencing and analysis. With more than 1500 worldwide collaborators on active projects, JGI is the preeminent facility for sequencing plants, microbes, and microbial communities that are foundational to energy and environmental research.



JGI is one of the largest dedicated DNA sequencing facilities in the world.

## DOE Environmental Molecular Sciences Laboratory (EMSL)

By integrating experimentation with supercomputing, EMSL in Richland, Washington, enables the study of environmental challenges at the molecular level. EMSL has helped thousands of researchers use a multidisciplinary, collaborative approach to solve important challenges in biological interactions and



EMSL's suite of high-resolution visualization capabilities are used to image minerals, nanomaterials, and biological materials at atomic resolution.

dynamics, subsurface science, and interactions at the interfaces of natural and engineered materials.

## DOE ARM Climate Research Facility (ACRF)

As part of the DOE Atmospheric Radiation Measurement (ARM) Program, ACRF provides highly instrumented ground stations at various locations, mobile resources, and aerial vehicles to continuously measure cloud and aerosol properties. ACRF measurements have set the standard for long-term climate research observations and provide an unparalleled resource



ACRF instruments track cloud-tundra interactions at the Barrow, Alaska, site.

for examining atmospheric processes and evaluating climate model performance.

## **DOE Bioenergy Research Centers**

Bringing together top scientists from multiple disciplines, DOE BER established three Bioenergy Research Centers in 2007 to deliver high-risk, high-return breakthroughs in cellulosic biofuel production. DOE's Oak Ridge National Laboratory leads the BioEnergy Science Center in Tennessee. The University of Wisconsin-Madison leads the Great Lakes Bioenergy Research Center. DOE's Lawrence Berkeley

National Laboratory leads the Joint BioEnergy Institute in California. Each center is using genomics and advanced analytical technologies to understand (1) how to make grasses, wood, and other cellulosic materials easier to break down into sugars, (2) which enzymes degrade biomass most efficiently, and (3) how to advance the microbial production of ethanol and other gasoline-replaceable fuels from sugars.